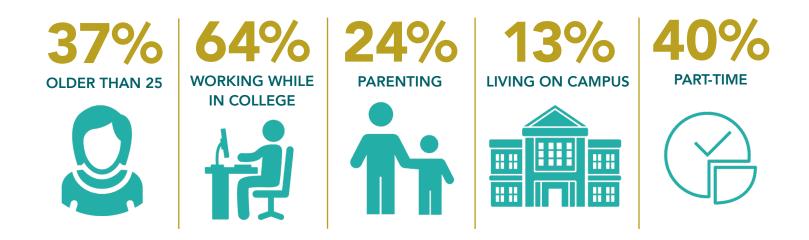


### WHO ARE TODAY'S STUDENTS?

Nationally, today's students are more diverse than any previous generation of college students: in age, race, and income level. They're more mobile and may not live on campus. Most participate in the workforce, either full-time or part-time. Work and family responsibilities beyond the classroom—whether that is on-campus or online—often compete with today's students' educational goals.

### NATIONWIDE, TODAY'S STUDENTS ARE:



### **IN LOUISIANA...**

Dr. Kim Hunter Reed, Commissioner of the Louisiana Commission of Higher Education and Higher Learning Advocates' Board Member, is committed to attainment and equity in higher education. She advocates for diversity and inclusion in postsecondary education and supports policies focused on strong student outcomes. If higher education is to fulfill its mission of delivering opportunity and social mobility to all Americans, we need to craft a new policy agenda that puts student outcomes at the center.



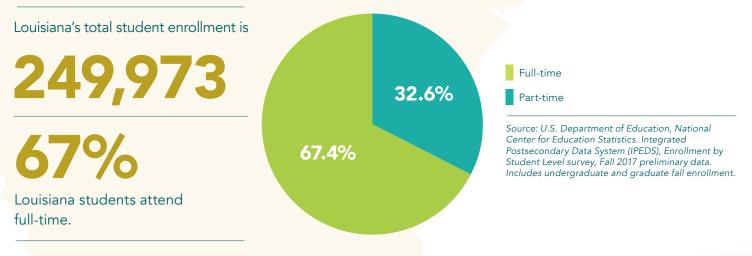


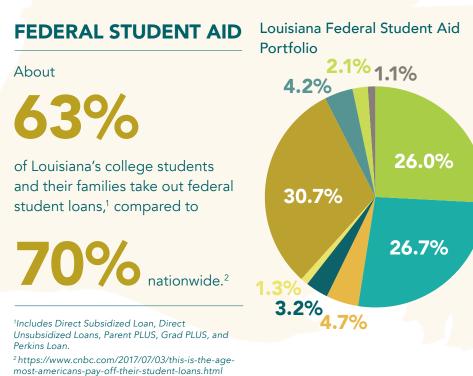
# **SNAPSHOT: How do Louisiana's numbers stack up?**

To better understand how Louisiana compares to the national higher education landscape, look to the data below detailing trends in enrollment, federal student aid, tuition and fees, earnings, and attainment comparing national and state level data.

### **ENROLLMENT**

Louisiana's Fall Student Enrollment, 2017





- Direct Loan Subsidized
- Direct Loan Unsubsidized Undergraduate
- Direct Loan Unsubsidized Graduate
- Parent PLUS
- Grad PLUS
- Pell Grant
- Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant (FSEOG)
- Federal Work Study
- Perkins Loan

Source: Federal Student Aid Data Center. Direct Loan Program. AY 2016-2017 Quarter 4, Award Year Summary. https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/about/datacenter/student/title-iv

Source: Federal Student Aid Data Center. Grant Volume. AY 2016-2017 Quarter 4, Award Summary. https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/about/data-center/ student/title-iv

Source: Federal Student Aid Data Center. Campus-Based Program. AY 2016-2017. https://studentaid. ed.gov/sa/about/data-center/student/title-iv





**SNAPSHOT: How do Louisiana's numbers stack up?** 

### **TUITION & FEES**

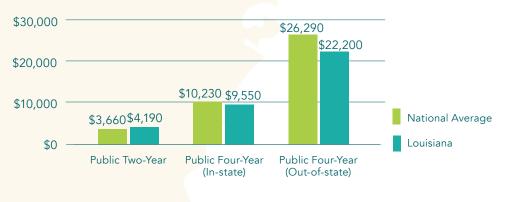
Louisiana's institutions of higher education tuition & fees are above the national average at public two year institutions, but below the national average at four year institutions.

Source: College Board. Trends in College Pricing 2018. Figure 5 and 6. https://trends.collegeboard. org/college-pricing

Source: College Board. Average Tuition and Fees and Room and Board in Current Dollars, 2017-18 and 2018-19.

https://trends.collegeboard.org/college-pricing/ figures-tables/average-published-undergraduatecharges-sector-2018-19

#### Average Tuition & Fees | 2018-2019



### ATTAINMENT

In 2016-2017, below-average rates of Louisiana students obtained postsecondary degrees compared to the rest of the nation, but Louisiana students obtained certificates at more than twice the national average.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Completions Survey by Gender, 2016-2017 academic year. Source: Ginder, S.A., Kelly-Reid, J.E., and Mann, F.B. (2018). Postsecondary Institutions and Cost of Attendance in 2017–18; Degrees and Other Awards Conferred, 2016–17; and 12-Month Enrollment, 2016–17: First Look (Provisional Data) (NCES 2018-060rev). U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics. Retrieved November 2018 from https://nces.ed.gov/ pubs2018/2018060REV.pdf Note: Certificates only include less than one year and at least one year but less than 4 years.

### Percentage of Degrees & Certificates Awarded | 2016-2017







# SNAPSHOT: How do Louisiana's numbers stack up?

## ATTAINMENT continued

As of February 2019, about

44.2%

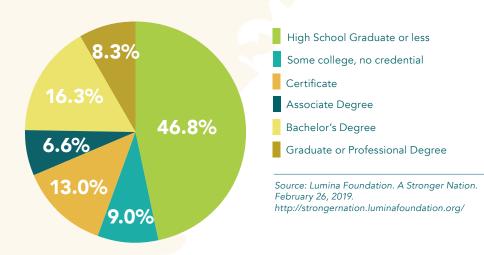
of Louisiana residents ages 25-64 have obtained a certificate or postsecondary degree.

### NATIONALLY,

47.6%

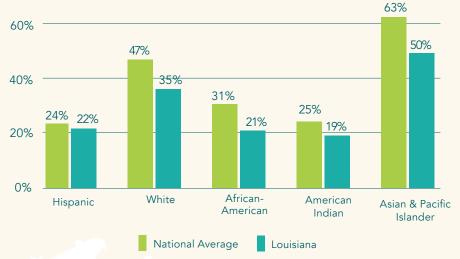
of Americans ages 25-64 have obtained a certificate or postsecondary degree.<sup>3</sup>

Source: Lumina Foundation. A Stronger Nation. February 26, 2019. http://strongernation.luminafoundation.org/



Louisiana Education Levels for Residents Ages 25-64

### Percentage of Louisiana Residents Ages 25-64 with at least an Associate's Degree by Race





<sup>3</sup> http://strongernation.luminafoundation.org/

# OUISIANA

## SNAPSHOT: How do Louisiana's numbers stack up?

## EARNINGS AND EMPLOYMENT

Americans who earn a postsecondary degree or credential have higher earnings potential.

Source: Georgetown University Center for Education and Workforce. Certificates: Gateway to Gainful Employment and College Degrees. https://cew. georgetown.edu/cew-reports/certificates/

Louisiana workers with higher levels of postsecondary attainment have more earning power than their peers with less than a bachelor's degree. However, the median earnings of Louisiana residents are below the national average.

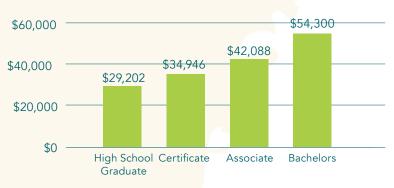
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Earnings in the Past 12 Months, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/ jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS\_09\_5YR\_ \$1501&prodType=table

### The majority of jobs nationwide in 2020 will require education beyond high school.

Source: Anthony P. Carnevale, Nicole Smith, and Jeff Strohl. Georgetown Center for Education and Workforce. Recovery: Job Growth and Education Requirements through 2020. June 26, 2013. https://cew.georgetown.edu/cew-reports/ recovery-job-growth-and-education-requirementsthrough-2020/

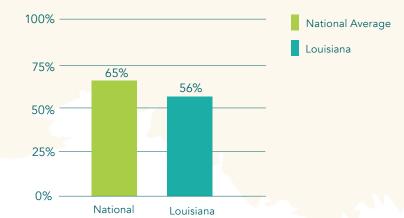
### National Average Earnings of U.S. Workers By Educational Attainment



### Median Earnings by Educational Attainment for Louisiana Residents Aged 25 and Over



### Percentage of Jobs that will Require Postsecondary Education by 2020





### WHAT CHALLENGES DO TODAY'S STUDENTS FACE?

### AFFORDABILITY

49% FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT

31% FEDERAL POVERTY LINE



**38%** OF STUDENTS with additional financial, work, and family obligations leave school in their first year<sup>5</sup>

**COMPLETION** 

### WORK



### **VETERAN-STATUS**





Early data from the University Innovation Alliance (UIA), a coalition of eleven public research universities, shows that about **4,000 Pell-eligible college seniors**, who are in good academic

EMERGENCY COSTS

standing, are at risk of being dropped from their classes or not allowed to graduate because **less than \$1,000 is owed to their institutions**.<sup>4</sup>



OF UNDERGRADS ARE VETERANS



but they face unique challenges, such as applying

competencies learned in military service to civilian careers and academics.

### HOW CAN FEDERAL POLICY HELP SET TODAY'S STUDENTS UP FOR SUCCESS?

Outcomes are critical for today's students—including completion, employment, equity, and value—to be gained from higher learning. Federal policy needs to catch up to the way that today's students are learning and reward institutions and systems that deliver the strongest career and educational outcomes.

### FEDERAL FINANCIAL AID should be

redesigned with a focus on the needs of a wide range of students, especially those who work full- or part-time, are financially independent, or need to enroll in courses outside the traditional two-semester approach. Redesign approaches could include rethinking Pell eligibility for workforce programs, or simpler loan repayment to match today's students' needs. **DATA** gathered through federal, state, and workforce data systems should cover the full spectrum of today's students, not just firsttime, full-time students. Today's students, families, schools, and taxpayers need clear information to make informed choices about higher learning.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.luminafoundation.org/todays-student-statistics



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.insidehighered.com/sites/default/server\_files/files/Completion%20 Grants%20release%208\_16\_17%20FINAL.pdf